Statement

Sl. No.	Name of the State	Number of feasibility studies supported	Central assistance provided (Rs. in Lakh)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	3	3.00
2.	Bihar	1	0.15
3.	Delhi	1	4.10
4.	Gujarat	6	3.06
5.	Himachal Pradesh	1	0.23
6.	Karnataka	1	0.50
7.	Kerala	1	1.10
8.	Madhya Pradesh	8	7.50
9.	Uttar Pradesh	10	7.40
10.	West Bengal	1	5.00

Production of Power from Renewable Energy Sources

1179. SHRI MAN MOHAN SAMAL: Will the Minister of NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the country produces only 1.7 per cent of its power from the renewable energy sources; and

(b) if so, what steps Government propose to take to boost this sector to meet the growing demand of power in the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI M. KANNAPPAN): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. About 1700, or around 1.74% of the total installed power capacity in the country, is now based on renewable energy sources. The Ministry of Non-Conventional Energy Sources has prepared a Draft Renewable Energy Policy Statement. The objective of the Policy Statement is to enhance the contribution of renewables, viz., solar, wind, biomass and small hydro for meeting minimum rural energy needs; providing decentralisecVoff-grid supply for agriculture, industry, commercial and household sectors in rural and urban areas; and, grid quality power generation and supply.